

AVERAGE BENEFIT SCORE

Impact indicator, Outcome indicator

Indicator Phrasing

English: the average Benefit Score (1-10) given by [specify the service users] on the usefulness of [specify the service provider]'s services

French: la note moyenne de Prestations (1-10) donnée par [précisez les utilisateurs du service] sur l'utilité des services de [précisez le prestataire de services]

Portuguese: pontuação média de benefício (1-10) dada por [especifique os utilizadores do serviço] sobre a utilidade dos serviços do [especifique o fornecedor de serviços]

Czech: průměrné Benefit Score (1-10) poskytnuté [určete uživatele dané služby] na přínosnost služeb [určete poskytovatele dané služby]

What is its purpose?

A1:

The indicator assesses the extent to which the respondents are satisfied with the usefulness of the services delivered to them by the supported service providers. The indicator is based on a subjective judgment of a range of quality and access-related features of the provided services.

How to Collect and Analyse the Required Data

Collect the following data by conducting individual interviews with a <u>representative sample</u> of users of the given services:

RECOMMENDED SURVEY QUESTIONS (Q) AND POSSIBLE ANSWERS (A)

Q1 : Can you please tell me how useful the services provided by [specify the service provider] a	are for
you using a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means that they are not useful at all and 10 means that t	hey are
extremely useful?	

The data collector needs to cross-check whether the answer to Q1 shows that the responden

Q2 : What is the main reason why you provided this mark?
A2 : specify:

understood the 1-10 scale system. This can be done by asking:

If there is a difference between the provided answer and the "mark" provided in A1, the data collector needs to clarify the actual usefulness of the services and, **if required, revise** the answer to A1.

To assess the **average Benefit Score** (i.e. the indicator's value), sum up all the marks and divide them by the number of responses. For example, 3060 / 360 = Benefit Score 8.5, indicating high usefulness of the provided services.

Disaggregate by

<u>Disaggregate</u> the data by gender, <u>wealth</u>, and other relevant criteria.

Important Comments

- 1) Ensure that the **data collectors have the same understanding** of what each of the 1-10 marks mean (practice with lots of different examples) and are able to explain it to the respondents in the same way.
- 2) Instead of relying on the rather abstract numbers 1 to 10, **consider replacing these 10 numbers with 10 beans** (or other physical units), asking the respondent to show how useful the services were by giving it the appropriate number of beans where 1 bean means extreme dissatisfaction and 10 beans mean very high satisfaction. This method is likely to be more appropriate, especially for illiterate people or when the **score is supposed to be given by a group of several people**.
- 3) Be aware that some **respondents might provide high marks due to being polite or fearing** negative consequences if they provide negative feedback. Therefore, explain to all respondents why it is important to provide an honest opinion and assure them of their response's confidentiality.

E-Questionnaire

- XLS form for electronic data collection - indicator Average Benefit Score

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